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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/062,299	01/31/2002	Leroy E. Hood	P-IS 5150	2563
41552 7590 06/27/2007 MCDERMOTT, WILL & EMERY 4370 LA JOLLA VILLAGE DRIVE, SUITE 700 SAN DIEGO, CA 92122				
			EXAMINER SMITH, CAROLYN L	
			ART UNIT 1631	PAPER NUMBER
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**Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.**

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

<b>Office Action Summary</b>	Application No. 10/062,299	Applicant(s) HOOD ET AL.	
	Examiner Carolyn L. Smith	Art Unit 1631	

**-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --**

**Period for Reply**

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

**Status**

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 12 April 2007.
- 2a) ☐ This action is **FINAL**.                      2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

**Disposition of Claims**

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-49 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) 1-21 and 36-49 is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 22-35 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

**Application Papers**

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on \_\_\_\_\_ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.  
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).  
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

**Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119**

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All    b) ☐ Some \* c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
  2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. \_\_\_\_\_.
  3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).
- \* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

**Attachment(s)**

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| 1) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)   | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413)<br>Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____ |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)                       | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application                       |
| 3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)<br>Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____ | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____  |

## **DETAILED ACTION**

A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicants' submission, filed 4/12/07, has been entered.

Amended claims 22, 24, and 30, filed 4/12/07, are acknowledged. Claims 1-21 and 36-49 remain withdrawn as being drawn to non-elected subject matter.

Claims herein under examination are 22-35.

### ***Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112, Second paragraph***

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 22-35 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claims 22 (line 13), 24 (line 11), and 30 (line 11) recite the limitation "said determination of said multidimensional coordinate point" which lacks clear antecedent basis. It is unclear if the "said determination" is referring to the first or second determining step. Clarification of this

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issue via clearer claim wording is requested. Claims 23, 25-29, and 31-35 are also rejected due to their dependency from claims 22, 24, and 30.

***Claim Rejections – 35 USC §102***

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 22-35 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Stoughton et al. (P/N 6,132,969).

Stoughton et al. disclose laboratory and computer methods for testing and confirming how well a network model represents a biological pathway in a biological system (abstract) wherein the biological pathway in a biological system represents a biochemical system. Stoughton et al. disclose obtaining measurements for drug and pathway responses (col. 52, lines 56-62) and perturbing and monitoring components in a network model (col. 53, lines 38-64) which represents physically perturbing a component, as stated in instant claim 22. Stoughton et al. disclose the network comprises logical operators relating to input cellular constituents (components), such as mRNA and proteins, to output classes of cellular constituents which are affected by the pathway (abstract), which represents assigning a cellular function to components (col. 10, line 61 to col. 11, line 3), as stated in instant claims 22, 24, and 30. Stoughton et al. disclose use of positionally addressable transcript microarrays which are ordered and

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reproducible matrices for easy comparison with each other and capable of containing single sites per specific mRNA (col. 45, lines 17-39, col. 46, lines 58-67, and col. 51, lines 39-49) and making measurements of graded drug exposure and of graded levels of modification/perturbation control parameters (col. 52, lines 1-17) wherein the microarrays inherently involve mRNA locations containing x and y dimensions (multidimensional coordinate points) for components of a physically perturbed system including values for n parameters (i.e. measurements of drug exposure and levels of perturbation) corresponding to the number of measured components within the biochemical system, as stated in instant claims 22, 24, and 30. Figure 9 illustrates positioning “0” state over “1” state (col. 28, lines 3-22) which represents comparison to a reference region, as stated in instant claims 22, 24, and 30. Stoughton et al. disclose comparing relative changes in the biological system in response to perturbations of the network (abstract and col. 8, lines 40-41 and col. 8, line 64 to col. 9, line 12). Stoughton et al. disclose comparing relative changes between two states in a biological system (col. 3, lines 15-20) including normal reference “0” and perturbed expression “1” states (col. 7, lines 50-64 and col. 8, lines 34-52), which represents comparison to a reference expression region, as stated in instant claims 22, 24, 27, 30, and 33. Stoughton et al. disclose predicting how output classes behave in response to the chosen experiments by finding measures (multidimensional coordinate points) of relative change of cellular constituents (components) and finding goodnesses of fit (“the conformity between an experimental result and theoretical expectation”, according to Merriam-Webster’s online dictionary) of each observed component to an output class (reference data element region) based on strongest correlations (abstract), which represent a linkage to the perturbed biochemical network. Stoughton et al. disclose analyzing a scanned image by using an image gridding

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program that creates a spreadsheet of the average hybridization at each wavelength at each site (col. 51, lines 1-5) which represents output. Stoughton et al. disclose the relative abundance of mRNA is scored as a perturbation if there is a difference of the two sources of mRNA tested (col. 51, lines 14-27) and outputting values of the network (abstract and col. 3, second and third paragraphs) which represents determining if the multidimensional coordinate point is within or outside the reference region and a difference (outside the region) is indication of linkage to a perturbation as well as providing an output, as stated in instant claims 22, 24, and 30. Stoughton et al. disclose assigning a cellular function to components of a network or pathway (col. 10, line 58 to col. 11, line 3), as stated in instant claims 22, 24, and 30. Stoughton et al. disclose determining the overall goodness of fit of the network model (network-associated expression region) from the individual goodnesses of fit of each observed component (abstract), which also represents determining the multidimensional coordinate point representing a data element of a set of components in a network, as stated in instant claim 24. Stoughton et al. disclose observing a system's response to known inputs via gene expression and/or protein abundances (col. 2, first paragraph), as stated in instant claims 23, 26, 28, 29, 32, 34, and 35. Stoughton et al. disclose the biological system as a cell, organism, and patient (col. 5, line 67 to col. 6, line 1) which represents the biochemical system, as stated in instant claims 25 and 31.

Thus, Stoughton et al. anticipate the limitations in claims 22-35.

Applicants summarize the rejection. Applicants argue that the Office fails to give patentable weight to Applicants showing that the invention claims a point containing n parameters. This statement is found unpersuasive as Stoughton et al. disclose use of positionally

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addressable transcript microarrays which are ordered and reproducible matrices for easy comparison with each other and capable of containing single sites per specific mRNA (col. 45, lines 17-39, col. 46, lines 58-67, and col. 51, lines 39-49) and making measurements of graded drug exposure and of graded levels of modification/perturbation control parameters (col. 52, lines 1-17) wherein the microarrays inherently involve mRNA locations containing x and y dimensions (multidimensional coordinate points) for components of a physically perturbed system including n parameters (i.e. drug exposure and levels of perturbation) corresponding to the number of measured components within the biochemical system, as stated in instant claims 22, 24, and 30. It is noted that "n" is not limited to any particular number and can even be zero. Applicants state that "n" in n parameters corresponds to the number of measured components within a biochemical or constituent system and argue that none of the passages relied on by the Office support the contention that the cited art describes multidimensional coordinate point as claimed. This statement is found unpersuasive as drug exposure and levels of perturbation, as mentioned above, corresponds to the number of measured components. Applicants are reminded that "corresponding" is broad claim language and has been interpreted broadly. All of the limitations in the instant claims have been addressed and are recited in the prior art, as described in the prior art rejection above. It is reiterated that Stoughton et al. disclose use of positionally addressable transcript microarrays which are ordered and reproducible matrices for easy comparison with each other and capable of containing single sites per specific mRNA (col. 45, lines 17-39, col. 46, lines 58-67, and col. 51, lines 39-49) and making measurements of graded drug exposure and of graded levels of modification/perturbation control parameters (col. 52, lines 1-17) wherein the microarrays inherently involve mRNA locations containing x and y

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dimensions (multidimensional coordinate points) for components of a physically perturbed system including  $n$  parameters (i.e. drug exposure and levels of perturbation) corresponding to the number of measured components within the biochemical system. Stoughton et al. disclose determining the overall goodness of fit of the network model (network-associated expression region) from the individual goodnesses of fit of each observed component (abstract), which also represents determining the multidimensional coordinate point representing a data element of a set of components in a network. Stoughton et al. disclose observing a system's response to known inputs via gene expression and/or protein abundances (col. 2, first paragraph). Applicants argue that the claimed multidimensional coordinate point refers to a coordinate or point corresponding to the number of measured components of a biochemical system and distinguish the passage at columns 45, 46, 51, and 52 because they are directed to the production of arrays where analytes are produced at different locations, labeled probes on a microarray, and the amount and quantity of individual gene measurements. Applicants further argue that different locations within an array do not describe a "multidimensional coordinate point" as claimed because locations in an array are non-analogous to parameters of measured components included in a multidimensional coordinate point. This statement is found unpersuasive as different locations (wells or spots) on an array have  $x$  and  $y$  coordinate dimensions which are multidimensional (2 dimensions), and reasonably represent "points". Applicants are reminded that broad claim language such as "representing" and "corresponding" have been interpreted broadly and reasonably. Drug exposure and levels of perturbation reasonably represent "parameters". Applicants argue that they fail to discern how an  $x/y$  coordinate of a location within a microarray describes a multicoordinate point representing "values of"  $n$  measured components. It is reiterated that



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different locations (wells or spots) on an array have x and y coordinate dimensions which are multidimensional (2 dimensions), and reasonably represent "points". Applicants' arguments are deemed unpersuasive for the reasons given above.

### ***Conclusion***

No claim is allowed.

Papers related to this application may be submitted to Technical Center 1600 by facsimile transmission. Papers should be faxed to Technical Center 1600 via the PTO Fax Center. The faxing of such papers must conform to the notices published in the Official Gazette, 1096 OG 30 (November 15, 1988), 1156 OG 61 (November 16, 1993), and 1157 OG 94 (December 28, 1993) (See 37 CFR §1.6(d)). The Central Fax Center number for official correspondence is (571) 273-8300.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Carolyn Smith, whose telephone number is (571) 272-0721. The examiner can normally be reached Monday through Thursday from 8 A.M. to 6:30 P.M.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Ram Shukla, can be reached on (571) 272-0735.

June 13, 2007

/Carolyn Smith/  
Primary Examiner  
AU 1631